



Summary

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Summary

Physical coupling

Physical coupling

- **Physical phenomena**
- **Measuring temperature**
 - Thermocouples, thermocouples, Thermistors, Thermistors, Noise (temperature measurement) and many others ...
- **Measuring range and relative speed**
 - Triangulation, Time of flight, intensity, Doppler methods, Interferometry
- **Examples: Common acoustical and optical sensors**

Summary

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Summary

Converters & Interfaces

Converters & Interfaces

- **Analogue signal chain in a digital system**
 - Sampling data, aliasing, Nyquist's criterion, oversampling
 - Quantization (LSB, rms noise voltage, SNR, ENOB), Missing codes, DNL, INL
- **A/D converters:**
 - Integrating (Single-/Dual-slope), Flash, Pipelined, SAR, Tracking, $\Sigma\Delta$, $\Sigma\Delta$ DDA, n th order $\Sigma\Delta$.
- **Examples:**
 - Fast and simple A/D converter example: National Semiconductor ADC08200
 - Multi-channel A/D data logging interface example: National Semiconductor LM12L458
 - Simple 8-bit μ -controller example: Motorola MC68HC05, Propeller.
 - Complex 32-bit μ -controller examples: AVR32 and Motorola MPC565 (including TPU's).
- **General device handling / sampling control / language requirements**

Summary

Introduction & Real-Time Languages

- **Features (and non-features) of a real-time system**
 - Features, definitions, scenarios, and characteristics.
- **Components of a real-time system**
 - Converters, interfaces, sensors, actuators, communication systems, controllers, ...
- **Software layers of a real-time system**
 - Algorithms, operating systems, protocols, languages, concurrent and distributed systems.
- **Real-time languages criteria**
 - Mostly high integrity, predictable languages with means for explicit time scopes.
- **Examples of actual real-time languages**



Summary

Time & Space

Time & Space

- **What is time? / What is embodiment?**
 - Approaches by different faculties to understand the foundations of this course
- **Interfacing with time**
 - Formulating local, time-dependent constraints
 - Access time, delay processes, timers
 - Timeouts, asynchronous transfer of control
- **Specifying timing requirements**
 - Formulating global timing-constraints
 - Understanding time-scope parameters (and expressing them in different languages)
- **Satisfying timing requirements**
 - Real-time logic approach & Complex systems approach



Summary

Scheduling

Scheduling

- **Basic real-time scheduling**
 - Fixed Priority Scheduling (FPS) with Rate Monotonic (RMPO) and Deadline Monotonic Priority Ordering (DMPO).
 - Earliest Deadline First (EDF).
- **Real-world extensions**
 - Aperiodic, sporadic, soft real-time tasks.
 - Deadlines different from period.
 - Synchronized tasks (priority inheritance, priority ceiling scheduling).
 - Cooperative and deferred pre-emption scheduling.
 - Fault tolerance in terms of exception handling considerations.
- **Language support**
 - Ada, POSIX



Summary

Synchronization

Synchronization

- **Shared memory based synchronization**
 - Flags, condition variables, semaphores, conditional critical regions, monitors, protected objects.
 - Guard evaluation times, nested monitor calls, deadlocks, simultaneous reading, queue management.
 - Synchronization and object orientation, blocking operations and re-queuing.
- **Message based synchronization**
 - Synchronization models
 - Addressing modes
 - Message structures
 - Examples



Summary

Asynchronism

Asynchronism

- **Interrupts / Signals**
 - Device / system / language / operating-system level interrupt control.
 - Characteristics of interrupts and signals.
- **Exceptions**
 - Exception classes / granularity / parametrisation / propagation.
 - Resumption and termination, specific language issues.
- **Atomic Actions**
 - Definition / requirements / failure cases / implementation / error recovery.
- **Asynchronous transfer of control / Interrupts in context**
 - Interrupts and ATC in real-time Java and Ada.



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Resource Control

- **Resource synchronization primitives**
 - Evaluation criteria for resource synchronization methods.
 - Atomicity, liveliness, and double interaction.
- **Resource reclaiming schemes**
 - Basic reclaiming
 - Early start algorithm
 - Restriction vector
 - Resource reclaiming with task migration
- **Real-time resource control**
 - Policy and run-time issues to be considered.



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Reliability

- **Terminology**
 - Faults, Errors, Failures – Reliability.
- **Faults**
 - Fault avoidance, removal, prevention vs Fault tolerance.
- **Redundancy**
 - Static (TMR, NMR) and dynamic redundancy.
 - N-version programming and dynamic redundancy in software design.
- **Reduce & Formalise**
 - Ravenscar profile.
 - Real-time logic.

